WHO IS AT-RISK FOR OVERDOSE?

• High-dose opioid prescription user (greater than 80 mg morphine equivalent)
• Methadone prescription use by non-opioid user
• Illicit non-medical opiate use
• Opioid use and smoking, COPD, emphysema or other respiratory illness or obstruction
• Opioid use and renal dysfunction or hepatic disease
• Opioid use and HIV/AIDS
• Opioid use and concurrent alcohol use
• Opioid use and benzodizepine or sedating medication use
• Opioid use and SSRI or TCA anti-depressant use
• Released prisoners
• Released opioid detoxification or mandatory abstinence program clients
• New clients of methadone-assisted treatment programs for addiction or pain management

APPOINTMENTS

Date:________________________
Time:________________________
Agency:_______________________
Notes:________________________
What To Do
• Tell medical professionals everything the victim consumed, or may have consumed
• Follow the directions of the 911 operator
• Stay with the victim until help arrives
• CHOOSE LIFE FIRST—All other consideration must come second

DO NOT
• Allow victim to “sleep it off”
• Put the victim in a bath or shower
• Inject the victim with anything
• Leave the victim alone
• Treat the victim with home remedies that do not work and often postpone potentially life-saving medical treatment
• Postpone calling 911 while cleaning up
• Suffer a lifetime of regret for making the wrong choice

Where To Get Help
Crisis Intervention & Recovery Center
24-hour Hotline: 330-452-6000
2421 13th Street NW, Canton
Recovery Center: 832 McKinley Ave. NW, Canton
www.circstark.org
CommQuest Services
Treatment including Methadone and Suboxone
www.commquest.org | www.questrs.org

Stark County residents can access behavioral health services regardless of their ability to pay through the Stark County Mental Health & Addiction Recovery (StarkMHAR) Care Network. StarkMHAR funded service providers accept various insurance programs, Medicare and Medicaid. Stark residents that are not covered by one of those options can receive services. Their ability to pay for those services will be determined by their income and could be fully subsidized by StarkMHAR.

In An Emergency
If you suspect someone is experiencing a drug overdose, you must react to this true medical emergency by calling 911 without delay.

Signs & Symptoms of a Drug Overdose Emergency
Indicators of drug overdose differ depending on the type of drug consumed. In general, the victim:
• May not awaken when roused
• May not respond to painful stimulation such as rubbing knuckles across his/her sternum
• May exhibit blue/purple lips, face and hands
• May snore or struggle for breath
• May complain of elevated body temperature
• May vomit
• May behave irrationally or seem confused

SOLACE of Stark County
Surviving Our Loss And Continuing Everyday
A support group for those who have lost someone to drug abuse, suicide, violence or incarceration. Meets the 3rd Monday of each month at Stark County Park’s Exploration Gateway at 5712 12th Street NW, in Canton from 6:30-8:00 p.m. Contact Dale Batdorff at 330-323-7605. On Facebook at Solace of Stark County.

Project DAWN of Stark County
A community-based overdose education and Naloxone distribution program funded by Ohio Department of Health, Project DAWN works with Stark County Mental Health & Addiction Recovery to provide overdose prevention kits to Crisis Intervention and Recovery Center and CommQuest Services for distribution to Stark County residents. On Facebook at Opiate Task Force of Stark County.